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# STOP AFRICAN SWINE FEVER

PRACTICE GOOD  
FARM BIOSECURITY



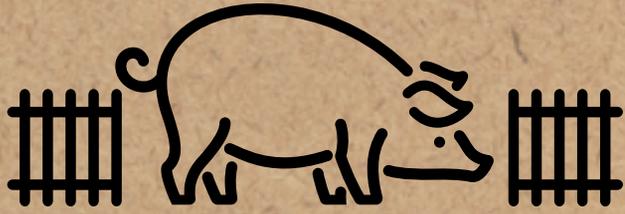
## ASF AFFECTS PIGS

- IT DOES NOT CAUSE DISEASE IN HUMANS AND OTHER ANIMALS
- THERE IS NO TREATMENT OR VACCINATION FOR ASF
- WE CAN AVOID ASF THROUGH GOOD FARM BIOSECURITY PRACTICES
- ASF IS NOT CAUSED BY SANGUMA

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## CONFINE PIGS

### FROM FREE-RANGING TO FENCING IN AND PENNING YOUR PIGS

- Isolate your healthy pigs in a 'bubble' or compartment from unhealthy environment.
- Pen your pigs and fence the pens in.
- Perimeter fence about 2m (buffer) from the pen.
- Build concrete floors or raised wooden floors.
- Do not allow unauthorised people, animals and vehicles to trespass pig premises.



## PRACTICE GOOD HYGIENE

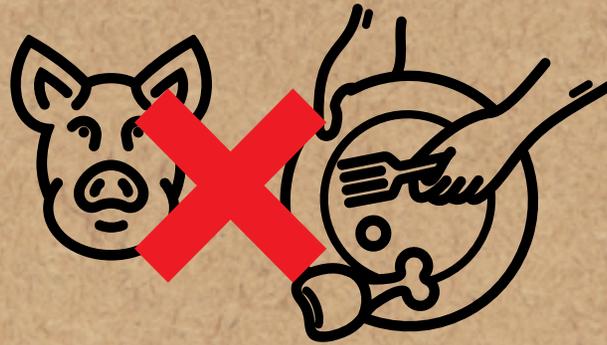
### KEEP PIGS AND PIG PENS CLEAN

- Clean out food and animal waste regularly.
- Only allow dedicated people to handle pigs.
- They must use dedicated farm clothes, footwear, equipment, tools, troughs, etc.
- Clean/disinfect before entry and exit of pig pen. Use soap or bleach.
- Pig farmer must not consume cooked pork sold at the local market. This may spread ASF to your pigs.

## FEEDING YOUR PIGS

### KNOW WHAT YOU ARE FEEDING YOUR PIGS

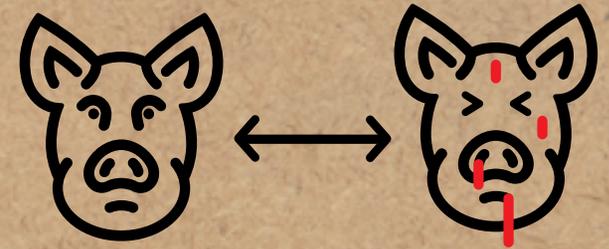
- Do not feed swill (left-over foods) containing pork e.g., from kitchens or mums.
- Use clean feed and water troughs.
- Each pen should have a dedicated feeding and water trough and do not move them from pen to pen.



## QUARANTINE NEW PIGS

### APPLY BASIC QUARANTINE PROCEDURES WITH NEW PIGS

- Build a separate pen for quarantine purposes at least 10m away from regular pens, and disinfect after using them. Bleach is a readily available disinfectant and works best for hard surfaces like concrete.
- If new pigs should be introduced, quarantine them for 10-14 days in separate quarantine pen. This includes new pigs from different sources, service boars for temporary use, resident pigs returning from sales display or shows.
- During the quarantine period, observe for signs of disease. If no disease after that period, then they can be introduced into your pig pen.



## KEEP SICK PIGS SEPARATE

### IF PIGS ARE INFECTED WITH ASF, THE SICK PIGS CAN SPREAD ASF VIRUS

- If pigs get sick, immediately isolate them from the rest of the herd.
- Do not slaughter sick pigs for consumption. This spreads the virus.
- Do not buy or sell sick pigs.
- Do not introduce sick pigs to your pens.
- Do not send away your sick pigs to other people or places.
- There is no medical treatment available to cure or prevent ASF.

## DISPOSE OF DEAD PIGS PROPERLY

### IF PIGS DIED FROM ASF, THE DEAD PIG CARCASSES CAN SPREAD ASF VIRUS

- Do not throw dead pigs in rivers or lakes.
- Do not cut up dead pigs for consumption.
- Do not feed pork from dead pigs to other healthy pigs.
- Bury dead pigs, about 1.5m deep, away from water ways.
- Change and clean clothes used for disposal of carcass.
- Disinfect pens, floors, clothes, tools exposed to the dead pig. Bleach can be used for hard surfaces like concrete and tools.